

Rijkswaterstaat Ministry of Infrastructure and Water Management

Shore-side electricity supply inland navigation

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This presentation

- EU regulations
- Situation in the Netherlands
- Costs generator vs shore power
- Shore-side electricity obligation vs generator prohibition
- IEN/g Working group activities



EU regulation

• Green power for transport directive (2014/94/EU)

Considerations

- Shore-side electricity facilities can serve maritime and inland waterway transport as clean power supply, in particular in maritime and inland navigation ports where air quality or noise levels are poor
- Standardisation of shore-side electricity supply should not impede the use of systems already in place prior to the entry into force of this Directive



EU regulation

Articles

- 5. Member States shall ensure that the need for shore-side electricity supply for inland waterway vessels and seagoing ships in maritime and inland ports is assessed in their national policy frameworks. Such shore-side electricity supply shall be installed as a priority in ports of the TEN-T Core Network, and in other ports, by 31 December 2025, unless there is no demand and the costs are disproportionate to the benefits, including environmental benefits.
- 6. Member States shall ensure that shore-side electricity supply installations for maritime transport, deployed or renewed as from 18 November 2017, comply with the technical specifications set out in point 1.7 of Annex II.



Situation in the Netherlands





Generator vs shore-side electricity

- Study by Delft University (2011)
- Break even point depends on:
 1) demand → average: 0,4 0,6 kWh / h
 2) gas oil prices



- On-board generator cheaper when using 3 kWh per hour
 - \rightarrow Tumble dryer = 1,5 kW
 - \rightarrow Electric heating = 0,5 1,5 kWh
 - → Washing machine = 1,0 kWh
 - → Electric cooking = 1,0 kWh
 - → Fridge = 0,3 kWh
- Generator cheaper only during peak loads (2 or 3 hrs a day)



Generator vs shore-side electricity

- Why is shore-side electricity not popular?
 - 1) problems with fuses & grounding (max. 28 kW; average 5 kW)
 - 2) at least 3 payment systems
 - 3) distance to junction box

Standards:

- EN 15869 junction boxes
- EN 60309 connectors





Why not a <u>generator prohibition</u>?

regulations, art. 7.06 sub 3 and 4)

- supply must be operational

- supply not operational? no obligation \rightarrow includes power demand
- no supply? no obligation possible!

- sometimes junction box not reachable

- no obligation if barge has silent & zero emission alternative

Regulation is based on local municipal authority





CCNR adopted only the shore-side electricity obligation (Rhine police





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IEN/g working group activities

- CCNR committee on Infrastructure & Environment ordered its working group to make a reference document on berths
- Shore-side electricity supply will be adressed
- EBU/ESO document "what the industry needs"
 - plugs
 - power demand
 - ground and residual current [30 mA]
 - costs
 - etc...





Questions

