

## EU policies for cybersecurity in inland navigation

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## **Maritime: Backbone for economy**

## Maritime transport is . . .

- ✓ the backbone of international trade around 80% of global trade by volume and over 70% by value is carried by sea and is handled by ports worldwide
- √ 74% of goods entering or leaving Europe go by sea
- ✓ More than 37,000 kilometres of waterways connect hundreds of EU cities
- √ 13 Member States have an interconnected waterway network of cities and industrial regions.
- ✓ Attractive target: 50% of all shipping companies word-wide were victims of cyber-attacks in 2018 (NATO-NMIOTC 2019)







Maritime
Cyber Activities
depend upon:

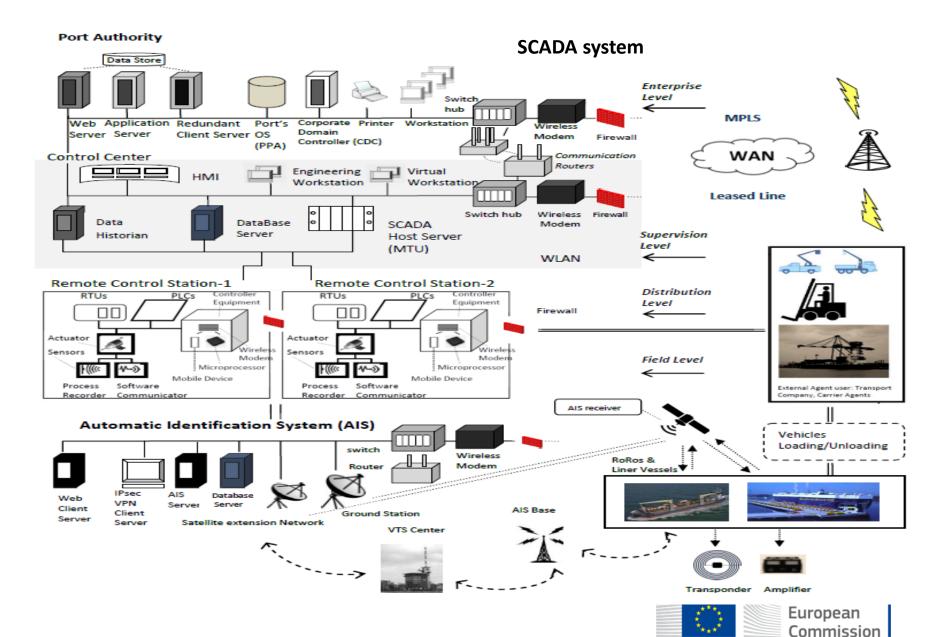
Critical Infrastructures -CIs-(Information and Space CIs)

Common cyber assets e.g. networks, ICT components, technical capabilities

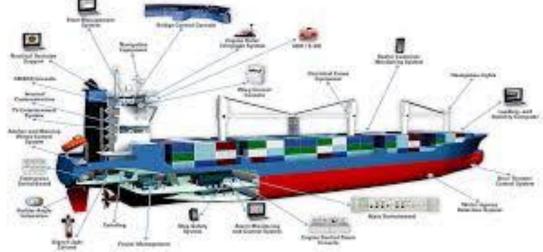
**EU & international policies and agreements** 

**Supply Chains** 

## Ports' complex ICT



## **Digitalization**





**Ships are expensive assets** (more than 20 million euros is the value of a cargo ship)



## **Common maritime attacks**

- ✓ GPS spoofing
- ✓ Unauthorized access to on-board mobile devices
- ✓ manipulation of Bill of lading
- ✓ signals jamming, monitoring
- ✓ targeted access on automated terminal infrastructures (e.g.) electronic gates, RFIDs in containers, cameras, surveillance systems)

2018 attacks: Maersk, Port of Barcelona US Ports (Long Beach, San Diego), Austal, Royal Navy of Oman



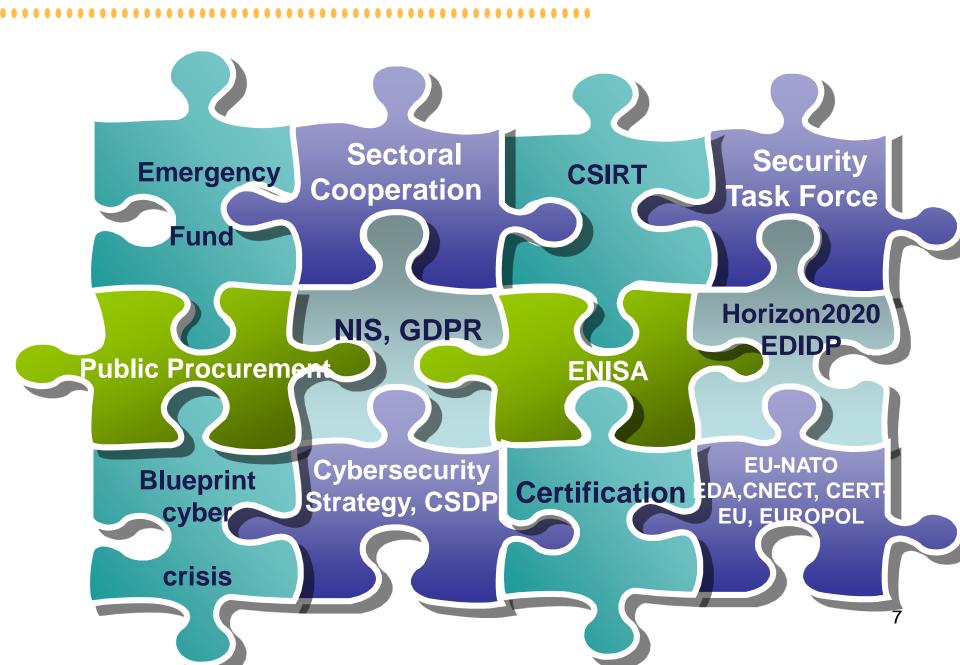








## **E.U.** in Action



## **EU Maritime Cybersecurity Regulation/Policies**

- Regulation No 725/2004 on enhancing ship/port facility security
- Directive **2005/65** on enhancing port security
- Regulation 324/2008: inspections in the field of maritime security.
- <u>Directive (EU) 2016/1148</u> sets cybersecurity obligations –**NIS**-
- <u>2016 **EU-NATO Joined Declaration**</u> (...enhance coordination, complementarity and cooperation in the maritime domain)
- <u>eIDAS Regulation</u> (2014) on electronic identification
- 2016 Directive 85/374/EEC on product liability
- Regulation 2016/679 on protection of privacy –GDPR-
- Space Strategy for Europe 2016/2325(INI)
- Regulation COM(2017)477 Cybersecurity Act
- <u>2018 Revised EU Maritime Security Strategy</u> (emphasizes the need for improving the integration of cybersecurity)



## MARITIME CYBERSECURITY GUIDELINES

- SOLAS XI-2 and the ISPS Code
- Guidelines on maritime cyber risk management (IMO)
- ETSI TR 103 456 CYBER; Implementation of the NIS COM(2017) 476 final "Making the most of NIS"
- <u>C(2017)6100 final</u> Recommendation on Coordinated Response to Large Scale Cybersecurity Incidents and Crises (**blueprint**)
- Cyber Diplomacy Toolbox
- The Tanker Management/ Self Assessment TMSA (OCIMF)
- The Guidelines on Cyber Security Onboard Ships (supported by: BIMCO, CLIA, ICS, INTERCARGO, INTERTANKO, OCIMF and IUMI)
- Cyber Security Awareness AMMITEC
- IACS Cyber Panel Systems (2015)



## **E.U.** Initiatives

- ✓ cPPP-ECSO (2016)
- ✓ Digital European **Industry** Initiative (2016)
- ✓ Electronic Components and Systems (ECSEL JU)
- ✓ Supercomputers (EuroHPC JU)
- **√ 5G** Action Plan (2016)
- ✓ Framework for screening foreign investment
- ✓ Strategic Forum for Important Projects of common European Interest (IPCEI)
- ✓ Digital Skills and Jobs Coalition
- ✓ Space Programme (2018)
- ✓ AI Declaration/ AI Communication (2018)
- ✓ Communication on online disinformation (April 2018)

## E.U. Maritime Cyber Security R&D













CYSM, MEDUSA: Static SC RM' methodology and tools

MITIGATE: Dynamic evidence-driven Maritime SC RM environment (simulation, crowd-sourcing, open data) (ISO27001, 27005, ISPS, CIIP, ISO28000)

**SAURON**: Situational Awareness platform

<u>TRITON</u> Trusted Vessel Information from Trusted On-board Instrumentation <u>SEABILLA</u> Sea Border Surveillance)

MARINE-EO Bridging Innovative Downstream Earth Observation and Copernicus enabled Services for Integrated maritime environment, surveillance and security

CEF Maritime Transport Projects 2014-2019

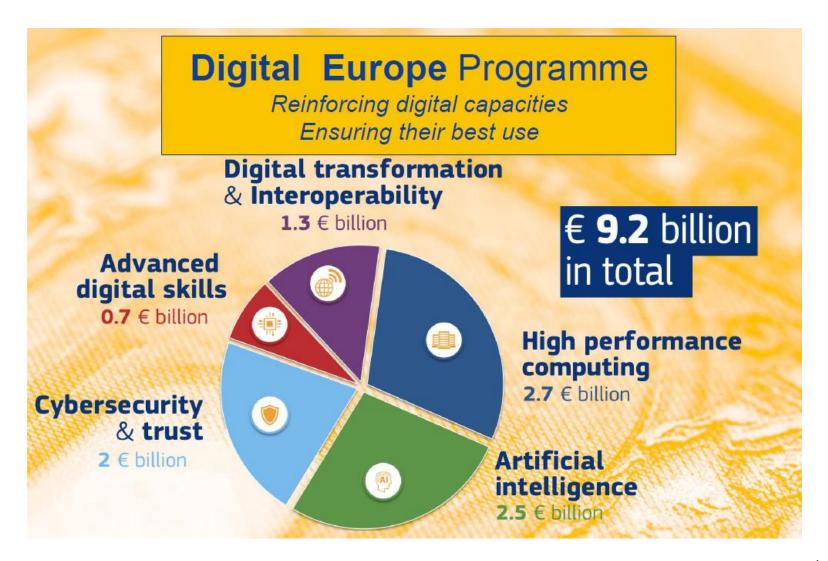


## **Future Threats**

- ✓ International **Supply chains, AI** and **5G** will bring severe attacks causing tremendous damages from making vessels invisible to destroying their fire-alarm systems to disrupting their cargo management systems.
- ✓ The on-board connected IT systems (e.g. cargo management, bridge systems, passengers servicing, communication systems etc.) more and more are provided by international suppliers with non EU security certifications, more vulnerable to attacks.
- ✓ The vessels are controlled by their inland shipping company, but
  operated by the on-board technical departments with no
  necessary cyber skills.



## The Digital Europe Programme 2021-2027





# The Cybersecurity Competence Centre and Network (CCCN)

Brussels, 12.9.2018 COM(2018) 630 final 2018/0328 (COD) REGULATION OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL establishing the European Cybersecurity Industrial, Technology and Research Competence Centre and the Network of National Coordination Centres



## **Preparing for CCCN**









### Key words

SME & startup ecosystem Ecosystem for education Socio-economic aspects of security Virtual labs and services Threat Intelligence for Europe DDoS Clearing House for Europe Al for cybersecurity Post-Quantum cryptography







### Key words

Cybersecurity for citizens Application cases Research Governance Cyber Range Cybersecurity certification Training in security







### Kev words

Network of Cybersecurity centres Cyber Range Cybersecurity demonstration cases

Cvber-skills Framework Cybersecurity certification Cybersecurity early warning



### SPARTA

Partners: 44



### Kev words

Research Governance Cybersecurity skills

Cybersecurity certification

Community engagement

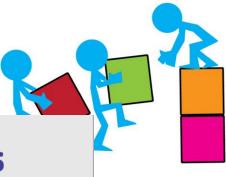
International cooperation

Strategic Autonomy

More than 160 partners from 26 EU Member States

## More info at:

https://ec.europa.eu/digital-single-market/en/news/four-eupilot-projects-launched-prepare-european-cybersecurity-European competence-network



Commission

## Maritime Cybersecurity: A strategic priority

Building maritime ecosystem resilience to cyber attacks 1. Capacity Building 2. Prevention & Response Coordination **Enhanced** national/inter national Information Certified **Maritime CERT** capabilities sharing Industrial Maritime (ISAC) **Training** capabilities cyber International products Collaboration Risk management requirements





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### Thank you for your attention!

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