

CCNR decisions for Inland AIS and electronic chart display device

Alaric Blakeway, President of the RIS Group, CCNR Compulsory Inland AIS and electronic chart display system, Workshop October 1st 2014



COMMISSION CENTRALE POUR LA NAVIGATION DU RHIN (CCNR)

Agenda

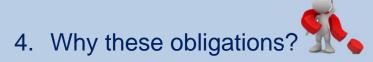


1. A few dates





3. Electronic charts and display system









1. A few dates

2001: CCNR adopted the ECDIS Standard

2004: International Maritime Organisation: AIS mandatory for all seagoing (SOLAS) vessels on international voyages

2006: CCNR adopted the VTT Standard for Inland Navigation

2008: CCNR published VTT Technical Clarifications and Test Standard

2010: CCNR declared intention of introducing mandatory installation and use of Inland AIS

Dec.1st 2014: AIS + electronic charts display system mandatory on the International Rhine

→ Resolutions 2013-II-16,19, 2014-I-11,12,13





2. AIS obligation on the Rhine



CCNR Regulations

- → Rhine Police Regulations, article 4.07:
- equipment obligation
- usage obligation
- → Rhine Vessel Inspection Regulations, article 7.06:
- competent authorities for approval of Inland AIS equipment
- approved Inland AIS equipment
- approved specialised firms for the installation of Inland AIS equipment





2. AIS obligation on the Rhine



Installation obligation

AIS system secured by Vessel Inspection Regulations:

- approved equipment only (list available on www.ccr-zkr.org)
- approved installation company only (list available on www.ccr-zkr.org)

Exceptions:

- Small crafts
- Non-motorised barges or floating crafts

But includes:

- Small crafts with a CCNR visit certificate (or equivalent)
- Small police crafts with a radar

③ Small crafts with AIS must comply with CCNR regulations (or class A/B)





2. AIS obligation on the Rhine



Usage obligation

Exceptions:

- Vessels in a convoy
- Certain ports, for night stays (Rhine Police regulations, art.14.11, §1)
- Certain waterbodies separated from the fairway (competent authorities)
- Police crafts during certain tasks

But includes:

• The vessel which ensures the main convoy propulsion

① At all time, all data transmitted must be correct and up-to-date



3. Electronic charts and display system obligation



Vessels obliged to use AIS

= obliged to connect AIS with Electronic charts display system

Exception:

• crossing ferries

Rhine Commission recommends standard ECDIS viewers in information mode (Resolution 2013-II-16)

➔ but allows comparable systems, if they respect minimum requirements...





3. Electronic charts and display system obligation

Minimum requirements:

- → Charts:
 - → Clear indication of the fairway
 - → Stored locally
- ➔ Display systems:
 - ➔ Good link to AIS
 - → During voyage, used only for the charts display
 - ➔ Visible from the pilot's position

→ Software:

- → Indicates the correct up-to-date position of the owner vessel
- → Indicates the correct up-to-date position of the other vessels
- ➔ Indicates detailed AIS data (Police regulations, art. 4.07, §4)



4. Why these obligations?

AIS + Electronic chart display system:

- Better security
 - > See around bends, behind mountains
 - Completes the Radar
- Full screen display
 - AIS alone = MKD
 - Security = good understanding



